

**AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS**

**This listing of claims will replace all prior versions and listings of claims in the application:**

**LISTING OF CLAIMS:**

1. (original) A channel estimation apparatus in a digital communication system comprising:
  - a correlation unit for obtaining a correlation function of a first received signal by means of a correlation between a received synchronizing signal and a reference synchronizing signal, and obtaining a correlation function of the received synchronizing signal by means of a correlation between the synchronizing signals;
  - a first estimating unit for estimating a first multi-path by applying a first threshold value to the correlation function of the first received signal;
  - a correlation noise removing unit for obtaining a correlation function of a second received signal by removing correlation noise included in the correlation function of the first received signal, by means of the first multi-path; and
  - a second estimating unit for estimating a second multi-path by applying a second threshold value to the correlation function of the second received signal in which the correlation noise has been removed.

2. (original) The channel estimation apparatus in a digital communication system as claimed in claim 1, wherein the correlation noise removing unit obtains a channel impulse

response function  $h_{tm}$  backtracked by means of the first multi-path  $y_{tm}$  in which  $tm$  represents a location of the estimated multi-path, obtains a correlation function  $y_n'$  of a third received signal by means of the backtracked channel impulse response function  $h_{tm}$ , obtains the correlation noise  $N_n$  by subtracting the backtracked channel impulse response function  $h_{tm}$  from the correlation function  $y_n'$  of the third received signal, and obtains the correlation function  $y_n''$  of the second received signal by removing the correlation noise  $N_n$  from the correlation function  $y_n'$  of the first received signal.

3. (original) The channel estimation apparatus in a digital communication system as claimed in claim 2, wherein the backtracked channel impulse response function  $h_{tm}$  is defined by an equation,

$$h_{tm} = x_{tm}^{-1} y_{tm} ,$$
 wherein  $x_{tm}$  is the correlation function  $x_n$  of the synchronizing signal corresponding to  $tm$ .

4. (original) The channel estimation apparatus in a digital communication system as claimed in claim 2, wherein the correlation noise  $N_n$  is defined by an equation,

$$N_n = y_n' - h_{tm} .$$

5. (original) The channel estimation apparatus in a digital communication system as claimed in claim 2, wherein the correlation function  $y_n''$  of the second received signal is defined by an equation,

$$y_n'' = y_n - N_n = y_n - (y_n - h_{tm})$$

6. (original) The channel estimation apparatus in a digital communication system as claimed in claim 1, wherein the correlation noise removing unit removes the correlation noise in sequence according to a size of the first multi-path  $y_{tm}$ .

7. (original) The channel estimation apparatus in a digital communication system as claimed in claim 1, wherein the correlation noise removing unit removes the correlation noise according to a sequence in which the first multi-path  $y_{tm}$  is received.

8. (original) The channel estimation apparatus in a digital communication system as claimed in claim 1, wherein the reference synchronizing signal is a PN sequence.

9. (original) A channel estimation method in a digital communication system comprising the steps of:

(1) obtaining a correlation function of a first received signal by means of a correlation between a received synchronizing signal and a reference synchronizing signal, and obtaining a

correlation function of the received synchronizing signal by means of a correlation between the synchronizing signals;

- (2) estimating a first multi-path by applying a first threshold value to the correlation function of the first received signal, which represents a location of the estimated multi-path;
- (3) obtaining a correlation function of a second received signal by removing a correlation noise included in the correlation function of the first received signal, by means of the first multi-path, and
- (4) estimating a second multi-path by applying a second threshold value to the correlation function of the second received signal in which the correlation noise has been removed.

10. (original) The channel estimation method in a digital communication system as claimed in claim 9, wherein, in step 3, channel impulse response function  $h_{tm}$  backtracked by means of the first multi-path  $y_{tm}$  is obtained, a correlation function  $y_n'$  of a third received signal is obtained by means of the backtracked channel impulse response function  $h_{tm}$ , the correlation noise  $N_n$  is obtained by subtracting the backtracked channel impulse response function  $h_{tm}$  from the correlation function  $y_n'$  of the third received signal, and the correlation function  $y_n''$  of the second received signal is obtained by removing the correlation noise  $N_n$  from the correlation function  $y_n$  of the first received signal.

11. (original) The channel estimation method in a digital communication system as claimed in claim 10, wherein the backtracked channel impulse response function  $h_{\tau_m}$  is defined by an equation,

$$h_{\tau_m} = x_{\tau_m}^{-1} y_{\tau_m},$$
 wherein  $x_{\tau_m}$  is the correlation function  $x_n$  of the synchronizing signal corresponding to  $\tau_m.$

12. (original) The channel estimation method in a digital communication system as claimed in claim 10, wherein the correlation noise  $N_n$  is defined by an equation,

$$N_n = y_n - h_{\tau_m}.$$

13. (original) The channel estimation method in a digital communication system as claimed in claim 10, wherein the correlation function  $y_n''$  of the second received signal is defined by an equation,

$$y_n'' = y_n - N_n = y_n - (y_n - h_{\tau_m}).$$

14. (original) The channel estimation method in a digital communication system as claimed in claim 9, wherein, in step 3, the correlation noise is removed in sequence according to a size of the first multi-path  $y_{\tau_m}.$

15. (currently amended): The channel estimation method in a digital communication system as claimed in claim 94, wherein in step 3, the correlation noise is removed according to a sequence in which the first multi-path  $y_{tm}$  is received.

16. (original) The channel estimation method in a digital communication system as claimed in claim 9, wherein the reference synchronizing signal is a PN sequence.